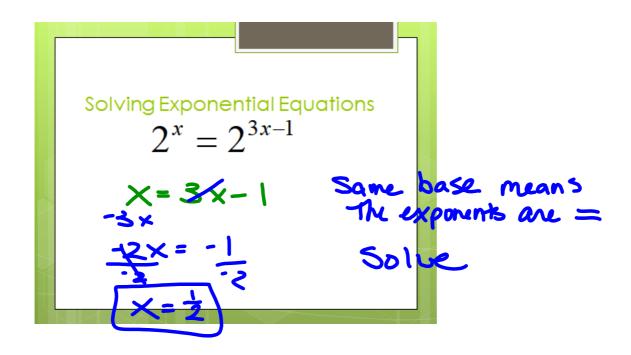
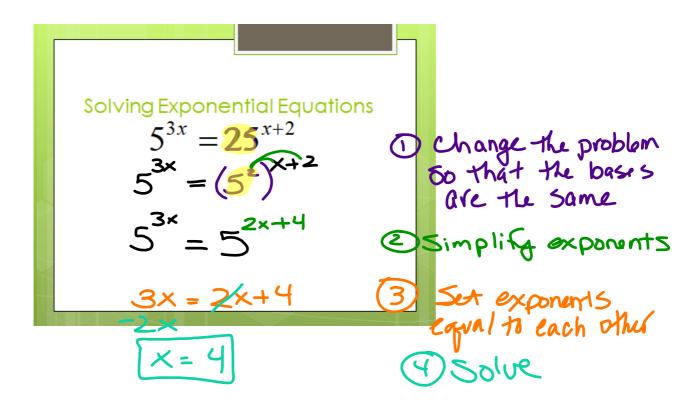
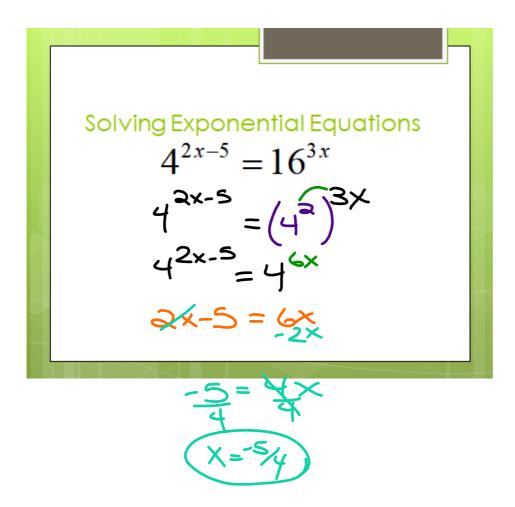
Solving Exponential Equations

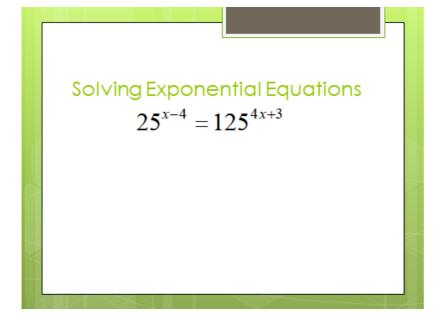
$$2^x = 2^4$$

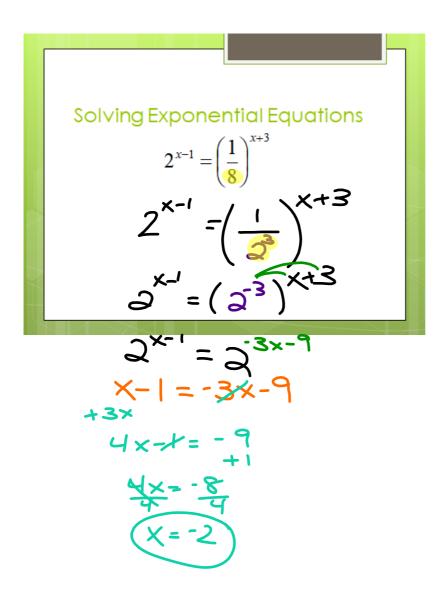
If the bases are the same, then the exponents must be equal











Solving Exponential Equations
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{64} \end{pmatrix}^{x^2} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{16} \end{pmatrix}^8$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4^3} \end{pmatrix}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4^2} \end{pmatrix}^8$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4^2} \end{pmatrix}^3 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4^2} \end{pmatrix}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\chi &= \frac{1}{4^3} & \frac{1}{3^3} \\
\chi &= \frac{1}{4^3} & \frac{1}{3^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\chi &= \pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\
\chi &= \pm \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}
\end{aligned}$$
Check both answers

Solving Exponential Equations
$$4^{x} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^{5x-3} = \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{x-6}$$

$$4^{x} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4^{3}}\right)^{5x-3} = \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{x-6}$$

$$4^{x} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4^{3}}\right)^{5x-3} = \left(\frac{1}{4^{2}}\right)^{x-6}$$

Solve:

$$(0.25)^{7x} = 32^{x-7}$$

$$\frac{25}{100}$$

$$(\frac{1}{4})^{7x} = 32^{x-7}$$

$$(\frac{1}{4})^{7x} = (2^{5})^{x-7}$$

